

## Redmile Church of England Primary School



### Foundation Stage Policy

#### 1 Introduction

1.1 The Foundation Stage applies to children from three years of age to the end of the reception year. In our school, all children join us at the beginning of the school year in which they are five. (Compulsory schooling begins at the start of the term after a child's fifth birthday.) Key Stage 1 begins for our children at the beginning of Year 1. The Foundation Stage is important in its own right, and in preparing children for later schooling. The Early Learning Goals set out what is expected of most children by the end of the Foundation Stage.

1.2 Children joining our school have already learnt a great deal. Many have been to one of a range of settings that exist in our community. The early years education we offer our children is based on the following principles:

- it builds on what our children already know and can do;
- it ensures that no child is excluded or disadvantaged;
- it offers a structure for learning that has a range of starting points, content that matches the needs of young children and activity that provides opportunities for learning both indoors and outdoors;
- it provides a rich and stimulating environment.

#### 2 Aims of the Foundation Stage

2.1 The curriculum of the Foundation Stage underpins all future learning by supporting, fostering, promoting and developing children's:

- personal, social and emotional well-being;
- positive attitudes and dispositions towards their learning;
- social skills;
- attention skills and persistence;
- language and communication;
- reading and writing;
- mathematics;
- knowledge and understanding of the world;
- physical development;
- creative development.

#### 3 Teaching and learning style

3.1 Our policy on teaching and learning defines the features of effective teaching and learning in our school. These features apply to teaching and learning in the Foundation Stage just as much as they do to the teaching in Key Stage 2.

3.2 The more general features of good practice in our school that relate to the Foundation Stage are:

- the partnership between teachers and parents, so that our children feel secure at school and develop a sense of well-being and achievement;
- the understanding that teachers have of how children develop and learn, and how this affects their teaching;

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- the range of approaches used that provide first-hand experiences, give clear explanations, make appropriate interventions and extend and develop play and talk or other means of communication;
- the carefully planned curriculum that helps children achieve the Early Learning Goals by the end of the Foundation Stage;
- the provision for children to take part in activities that build on and extend their interests and develop their intellectual, physical, social and emotional abilities;
- the encouragement for children to communicate and talk about their learning, and to develop independence and self-management;
- the support for learning with appropriate and accessible indoor and outdoor space, facilities and equipment;
- the identification of the progress and future learning needs of children through observations, which are regularly shared with parents;
- the good relationships between our school and the settings that our children experience prior to joining our school;
- the clear aims for our work, and the regular monitoring to evaluate and improve what we do;
- the regular identification of training needs of all adults working within the Foundation Stage.

### **4 Play in the Foundation Stage**

- 4.1** Through play our children explore and develop learning experiences, which help them make sense of the world. They practise and build up ideas, and learn how to control themselves and understand the need for rules. They have the opportunity to think creatively alongside other children as well as on their own. They communicate with others as they investigate and solve problems. They express fears or re-live anxious experiences in controlled and safe situations.

### **5 Inclusion in the Foundation Stage**

- 5.1** In our school we believe that all our children matter. We give our children every opportunity to achieve their best. We do this by taking account of our children's range of life experiences when planning for their learning.
- 5.2** In the Foundation Stage we set realistic and challenging expectations that meet the needs of our children, so that most achieve the Early Learning Goals by the end of the stage. We achieve this by planning to meet the needs of boys and girls, children with special educational needs, children who are more able, children with disabilities, children from all social and cultural backgrounds.
- 5.3** We meet the needs of all our children through:
- planning opportunities that build upon and extend children's knowledge, experience and interests, and develop their self-esteem and confidence;
  - using a wide range of teaching strategies based on children's learning needs;
  - providing a wide range of opportunities to motivate and support children and to help them to learn effectively;
  - providing a safe and supportive learning environment in which the contribution of all children is valued;
  - using resources which reflect diversity and are free from discrimination and stereotyping;
  - planning challenging activities for gifted and talented children;

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- monitoring children's progress and taking action to provide support as necessary.

### **6 The Foundation Stage curriculum**

- 6.1** The curriculum for the Foundation Stage in our school reflects the six areas of learning identified in 'The Curriculum Guidance for the Foundation Stage'. The experiences that our children meet enable them to develop a number of competencies, skills and concepts by following 'Stepping Stones' towards the Early Learning goals and beyond.
- 6.2** The Early Learning Goals are in line with the objectives in the National Literacy Strategy and the National Numeracy Strategy. By the end of the reception year in our school, children have a daily mathematics lesson and a literacy hour. Teachers initially address the requirements in a flexible way but, as part of the smooth transition to Key Stage 1, they put the literacy hour and daily mathematics lesson into operation by the end of the Foundation Stage.
- 6.3** The Early Learning Goals provide the basis for planning throughout the Foundation Stage. Teachers use the national schemes of work where appropriate to support the planning for individual children. Our medium term planning is completed half-termly and identifies the intended learning, with outcomes, for children working towards the Early Learning Goals and beyond.

### **7 Assessment**

- 7.1** We make regular assessments of children's learning, and we use this information to ensure that future planning reflects identified needs. Assessment in the Foundation Stage takes the form of observation, and this involves the teacher and other adults as appropriate.
- 7.2** During the children's first half-term in the reception class, the teacher assesses the ability of each child using the Leicestershire Early Learning Profile (LELP). At the end of the Foundation Stage, the ability of each child is assessed, using the Foundation Stage Profile and the result highlighted on the LELP. We send the results of this assessment to the L.E.A. This assessment forms the baseline for entry to Key Stage 1 and the information is used to modify the teaching programme for individual groups of children.
- 7.3** Each teacher keeps tracker books and uses these to record examples of each child's work. These progress books contain a wide range of evidence.
- 7.4** Parents receive an annual report that offers brief comments on each child's progress in each area of learning. It highlights the child's strengths and development needs and gives details of the child's general progress. We complete these in June and send them to parents in early July each year.

### **8 The role of parents**

- 8.1** We believe that all parents have an important role to play in the education of their child. We recognise the role that parents have played, and their future role, in educating the children. We do this through:
- talking to parents about their child before their child starts in our school;
  - the children have the opportunity to spend time with their teacher before starting school;

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- inviting all parents to an induction meeting during the term before their child starts school;
- offering parents regular opportunities to talk about their child's progress in our reception class;
- encouraging parents to talk to the child's teacher if there are any concerns. There is a formal meeting for parents each term at which the teacher and the parent discuss the child's progress in private. Parents receive a report on their child's attainment and progress at the end of each school year;
- having flexible admission arrangements that enable children and parents to become secure, and by allowing time to discuss each child's circumstances;
- arranging for children to start school over the first three weeks of term in small groups. Children come into school part-time over this period, so that the teacher can welcome each child individually into our school.
- arranging a range of activities throughout the year that encourage collaboration between child, school and parents;
- offering a range of activities that support the involvement of parents. We invite parents to curriculum evenings and workshops to develop a knowledge of the work that the children undertake in the reception class.

### **9 Resources**

- 9.1** We plan a learning environment, both indoors and outdoors, that encourages a positive attitude to learning. We use materials and equipment that reflect both the community that the children come from and the wider world. We encourage the children to make their own selection of the activities on offer, as we believe that this encourages independent learning.

**Signed:**

**Date:**

**Review Date:**